

Removability, rigidity of circle domains and Koebe's conjecture.

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July 5, 2018

Circle domains

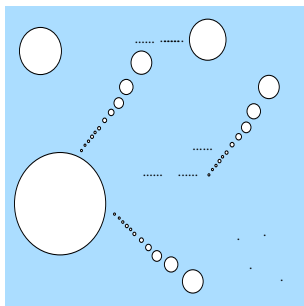
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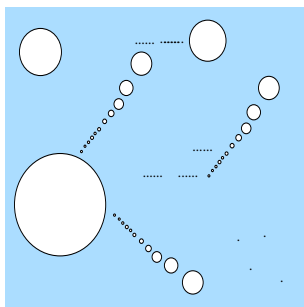
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- The boundary of any circle domain contains at most countably many circles.

Koebe's Kreisnormierungsproblem

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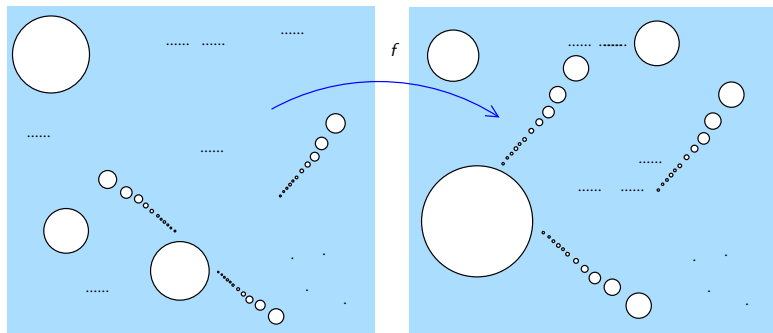
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- D has at most countably many boundary components (He-Schramm, 1993).

Uniqueness of the Koebe map



Conformal rigidity

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Non-rigid circle domains?

Conformal removability

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- Quasicircles.
- The complement of a non-removable Cantor set is a non-rigid circle domain.

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- There exist non-removable sets of Hausdorff dimension one and removable sets of Hausdorff dimension two.

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In particular, if E is a Cantor set with $m(E) > 0$, then $\Omega := \widehat{\mathbb{C}} \setminus E$ is non-rigid.

The rigidity conjecture

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Conjecture (He–Schramm, 1994)

Let Ω be a circle domain. The following are equivalent :

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- (B) $\partial\Omega$ is conformally removable*

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- If there are no circles in $\partial\Omega$, then **(A)** \Rightarrow **(B)**.

Known cases

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	$\partial\Omega$ removable?	Ω rigid?
finite	y	y (Koebe 1918)
countable	y	y (He-Schramm 1993)
σ-finite	y (Besicovitch 1931)	y (He-Schramm 1994)
John	y (Jones-Smirnov 2000)	y (Ntalampekos-Y. 2018)
Hölder	y (Jones-Smirnov 2000)	y (Ntalampekos-Y. 2018)
Quasi	y (Jones-Smirnov 2000)	y (Ntalampekos-Y. 2018)
Area > 0	NO	NO (Sibner 1968)

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- John domains (and more generally Hölder domains) satisfy the quasihyperbolic condition.

How to prove rigidity?

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- Show that \tilde{f} is qc on $\widehat{\mathbb{C}}$.

Quasiconformal rigidity

Theorem (Y., 2016)

A circle domain Ω is conformally rigid if and only if it is quasiconformally rigid.

Further remarks on the rigidity conjecture

Question

If $E \subset \mathbb{C}$ is a conformally removable Cantor set, is $\Omega := \widehat{\mathbb{C}} \setminus E$ a conformally rigid circle domain?

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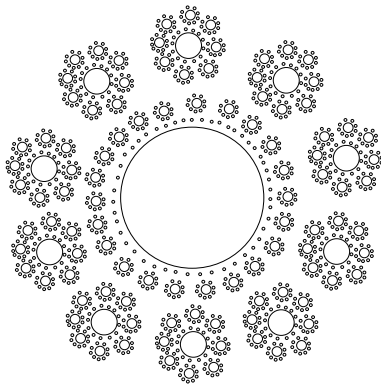
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Proposition (Ntalampekos–Y. (2018))

Every $w \in \partial\Omega^$ that is not a point boundary component is the accumulation point of an infinite sequence of distinct circles in $\partial\Omega^*$.*

A Sierpinski-type circle domain



Local removability

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Conjecture

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- Would imply that the union of two removable sets is removable.

THANK YOU!